## **Diaphragm Pressure Gauges**

### with Horizontal Diaphragm

Case Sizes (NG) 100, 160, 250 (4", 6", 10")

An overview of our diaphragm pressure gauges with horizontal diaphragm, accuracy classes 1.6 and 2.5 according to EN 837-3, and technical information regarding all these models are to find in this leaflet. The specific data and ordering instructions for the different models are to find on the data sheets (see following pages).

**Diaphragm pressure gauges** with horizontal diaphragm can be used for measuring pressure (also vacuum or compound ranges) between 0/10 mbar and 0/25 bar (0/4" WC up to 0/400 psi).

The size of the measuring flange with the diaphragm depends on the pressure range:

**Pressure Ranges** 

25

0/10 to 0/250 mbar (**0/4**" to **0/100**" **WC**) 0/.4<sup>1)</sup> to 0/25 bar (**0/160**" **WC**<sup>1)</sup> to **0/400** psi)

Flange-Diameter

160 mm (**6**") 100 mm (**4**")

Diaphragm pressure gauges are available in suitable versions for all kinds of media. For high viscosity, polymerization or heavy contamination problems versions with open flange connections (DIN or ANSI-flanges) and others are available.

Wetted parts can be made of alloy steel, 316 Ti, tantalum or other materials of high chemical resistance. A PTFE-lining of the lower flange and PTFE-foil for the diaphragm are further possibilities for protection of the wetted parts. Protection foils for the diaphragm such as PTFE, fine-silver, tantalum or others are only available for pressure ranges  $\geq$  40 mbar (resp.  $\geq$  16" WC or  $\geq$  6 psi). A protection foil lowers the accuracy class to  $\pm$  2.5 % f.s.

**Liquid filled pressure gauges** are used to protect the internals against damage caused by vibrations or pulsations, and/or to exclude ambient corrosives or condensations (outdoor services). Our standard filling fluid is glycerine, and it is a special oil when the pressure gauge is supplied with built-in electronical accessories. Filled gauges are available only for pressure ranges 0/160 mbar (0/60" WC) and above resp. model PChG  $\geq 0/40$  mbar, because the influence of the fluid column is significant.

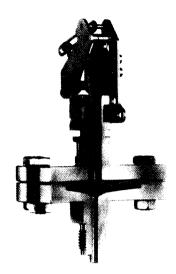
Pressure Ranges According to EN			Subdi-	Pressure	Sub-
Positive	Compound	Negative	vision	Ranges	division
mbar				In Water vac. / psi	
10	- 4/+ 6 - 6/+ 4	- 10/0	0,2		vac. / psi
16	-6/+10 -10/+6	- 16/0	0,5	Vacuum	
25	- 10 / + 15 - 15 / + 10	- 25/0	0,5	30" vac.	.5" vac.
40	- 15 / + 25 - 25 / + 15	- 40 / 0	1	C	
60	- 20 / + 40	- 60/0	1	Compour	1
100	-40/+ 20 -40/+ 60	- 100 / 0	2	30" / 15 30" / 30 30" / 60	1" /.5 psi 1" /.5 psi
160	-60/+ 40 -60/+ 100	- 160 / 0	5	30" /100 30" /160	2" / 2 psi 5" / 2 psi
250	- 100 / + 60 - 100 / + 150	- 250 / 0	5	30" /200	5" / 5 psi 5" / 5 psi
400	- 150 / + 100 - 150 / + 250 - 250 / + 150	- 400 / 0	10	30" /300 Pressure	10" / 5 psi
bar				(bai)	
0,4 2)			0.01	10	.1
0,4		- 0,4 / 0 - 0,6 / 0	0,01 0.01	15 30	.25
1,0		- 1 / 0	0,01	60	.5 1
,,0		– 1200/0 mbar	20 mbar	100	
1,6	-1/+0.6		0.05	160	2
2,5	- 1/+1,5		0,05	200	2
4	- 1/+3		0,1	300	5
6	- 1/+5		0,1	400	5
10 16	- 1/+9 - 1/+15		0,2 0,5	Standard ranges and sub- divisions 0/4"WC to 160"	

0,5

WC upon request

Accuracy ±1.6 % F.S.

# General Information



#### **Characteristical Features**

#### **Accuracy According to EN 837-3**

Accuracy class 1.6, i.e.  $\pm$  1.6 % of full span; accuracy class 2.5 ( $\pm$  2.5 % of full span) for gauges with protection foil (PTFE, tantalum or others) and for liquid filled gauges with pressure ranges  $\leq$  250 mbar [measuring flange  $\varnothing$  160 mm (6")].

#### Construction

The internals are basically the same for all models. Lower flange (with thread or flange connection), diaphragm, upper flange with body, dial, movement and pointer constitute the complete pressure measuring device. The case itself with ring and lens just protects the pressure measuring device against influences from outside.

Diaphragm pressure gauges are not supplied with a pointer stop.

For pressure ranges and scale divisions see table. The *bar* pressure ranges and subdivisions are according to EN 837-3. The standard dial shows a black scale on a white background.

A serial number is stamped on the dial for reference.

#### **Pressure Limitations**

Diaphragm pressure gauges can be used on normal service up to the full scale value and on pulsation service up to 90 % of full scale without loss of accuracy. All diaphragm gauges are overrange protected up to five times of full scale value, but max. up to 40 bar.

#### **Temperature Limitations**

Standard diaphragm gauges are temperature resistant up to +100 °C (+212 °F), but glycerine filled gauges max. up to +70 °C (150 °F). For services at higher temperatures please consult the factory. Minimum temperature limit for standard gauges: -20 °C (-4 °F); filled gauges for ambient temperatures below +10 °C (50 °F) have to be filled with a water/glycerine mixture or a silicone oil, please state temperatures below +10 °C (50 °F) when ordering!

#### Reference Temperature:

+20 °C (+68 °F)

The error caused by temperatures differering from +20 °C (+68 °F) is significant.

#### Electrical Accessories 3)

Limit switch contact assemblies (standard, magnetic, inductive or pneumatic) and potentiometric or capacitive transducers may be installed<sup>1)</sup>, see data sheets 3190, 3291, 3390, 3690 and catalogue heading 9.

- Pressure ranges 0/.4 bar resp. 0/400 mbar (0/160" WC) with built-in electrical accessories only available with measuring flange-Ø 160 mm (6").
  additional to EN 837-3
- 3) not for PSK/PSKG